## GrainMapper3D Spotlight

## Al-5wt\%Cu Sample Annealing Series

## Open access datasets:

https://doi.org/10.18126/5Q8S-3EF9

## Sample Description

- $\mathrm{Al}-5 \mathrm{wt} \% \mathrm{Cu}$
- Crystal system: face-centered cubic (Fm3m)
- Dimension: 1.4 mm (diameter) $\times 6.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ (length)
- Annealing treatment: $15 \mathrm{~min} @ 630^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, air cooling to RT
- Annealing steps: 10

Sample Courtesy: Dr. Jules Dake, Ulm University, Germany


Figure: Grain size distribution and 3D grain map colored by grain size, initial sample state (tO).


Figure: Grain size distribution and 3D grain map colored by grain size, after 10 th annealing step (t10).

## References:

1) J.M. Dake et al., (2016). PNAS, 113, E5998.
2) Dr. -Ing. Thesis, Jules Dake, Ulm Univ. 2019
3) J. Sun et al., (2024). Tomography of Materials and Structures, 4, 100025.




| Grain size <br> $($ ESD in $\mu \mathrm{m})$ | t1 | t5 | t9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grain 1 | 244.2 | 243.6 | 233.6 |
| Grain 2 | 231.5 | 243.7 | 215.9 |
| Grain 3 | 362.7 | 394.3 | 427.9 |

Figure: Evolution of three neighboring grains after 15min, 75 min and 135 min annealing at $630^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ respectively. The grain sizes in equivalent sphere diameter are given in the table.


Figure: Schematic illustration of the setup for diffraction contrast tomography data acquisition of the Al-5wt\%Cu sample. Key acquisition parameters are marked. In this case, projection geometry is used with geometrical magnification factor of 16.4.


Figure: (Left) Example absorption contrast projection at a certain rotation angle. The Cu-rich phase, which mainly segregates at grain boundaries, appears brighter given a higher attenuation coefficient. (Right) Example diffraction contrast projection at a certain rotation angle.

## Data Acquisition Parameters

System: ZEISS Xradia 520 Versa with LabDCT Pro

## Absorption Contrast Tomography

- Data acquisition: vertical stitching (5 layers)
- Voltage: 80 kV
- Power: 7 W
- Objective: $4 \times$ Detector
- Source - Sample distance: 13 mm
- Sample - Detector distance: 35 mm
- Exposure: 1s / binning 2
- Number of projections: 1601
- Voxel size: $1.84 \mu \mathrm{~m}$


## Diffraction Contrast Tomography

- Data acquisition mode: Helical Phyllotaxis
- Aperture: DCT $250 \times 750(\mu \mathrm{~m} \times \mu \mathrm{m})$
- Voltage: 110 kV
- Power: 10 W
- Objective: Flat Panel Detector
- Source - Sample distance: 16 mm
- Sample - Detector distance: 246 mm
- Exposure: 10s / binning 2
- Number of projections: 2900
- 3D Grain Map voxel size: $6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$

